'PACIFIST' WINS

FOES OF DEFENCE

Starts Cheers at Rally in

MEN SPARE NO ONE

Munition Makers, Congress and

Capitalism Denounced by

Many Speakers.

The anti-preparedness meeting at

That was more nearly what the crowd

wanted. They were in such a respon-

sive frame of mind that when John A.

McSparran, secretary of the National Grange, declared, "I am a farmer," they set the windows rattling again

Calls Preparedness Conspiracy.

Carnegie Hall, last night, simmered

State Department on the Sussex cases comes from many quarters. Passengers testify that they saw the wake of a torpedo approaching the ship. The captain declares that he also saw the torpedo coming and that he tried to avoid it by throwing the helm over and stopping the starboard engine. The engineer corroborates this point of his testimony.

The French government's examination of the wreck and the report of naval attaches of the American Embassies in Paris and London, it is considered, make the case complete.

Aside from the Sussex case particular attention is being given by the Administration to the number of neutral vessels torpedoed recently, While there were American citizens on but few of these ships, the wholesale destruction of unarmed merchant craft has created Clergyman's Declaration

these ships, the wholesale destruction of unarmed merchant craft has created a profound impression. Press reports have been to the effect that more than twenty neutral vessels, and more than twenty-five belligerent vessels have been torpedoed within the last two weeks, most of them without warning. It was reiterated to-day that before any step leading to a rupture of relations with Germany was taken the President would go before Congress with the facts.

with the facts.
The visit of Colonel House to the The visit of Colonel House to the White House attracted attention, because it was the third time he has been here since he returned from Europe a few weeks ago after discussing the submarine and other issues with American diplomatic agents abroad and officials of Germany, France and Great Britain of Germany, France and Great Britain he was in conference with officials practically all day. This afternoon Secretary Lansing was at the White House for an hour.

Anneque and the simmered Carnegie Hall, last night, simmered along in placid apathy for the first few speakers. They said they were not pacifists, but stood for a different kind of preparedness than the out and out militants. Then came the Rev. John Haynes Holmes. He started the first real enthusiasm by his opening declaration, "I am a pacifist!"

That was more nearly what the crowd

SUFFRAGE BILL AGAIN HELD UP BY BROWN

City Measures Force Amendment

Over Until Next Week.

[Frem a Staf Correspondent of The Tribune.]

Albany, April 6.—Senator Brown's anxiety to get his New York City relief bills out of general orders and on the third reading calendar prevented the with applause.

But it took James H. Maurer, president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, with a good old-dashioned socialistic denunciation of capitalism, to stir the anti-prepared-ness cohorts to their maximum of enthird reading calendar prevented the passage of the Whitney-Brereton suffrage amendment by the Senate to-day. There is no significance in the action of Senator Brown to-day, as no bill except the 80-cent gas bill, which was a special order, was passed by the Senate to-day. The sufrage amendment is on the third reading calendar awaiting its turn for final passage, but this calendar was not taken up to-day.

The suffrage amendment will be reached on Monday afternoon or evening. If not then, it will surely come up on Wednesday.

POSTCARD 20 YEARS LATE

"Write in Few Days" on Missive Lost in Postoffice.

IBy Telegraph to The Tribune.]

in Postoffice.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.)

Greenwich, Conn., April 6.—A post-card, addressed to Mrs. George Deweerdt, at Greenwich, Conn., which had slipped behind the sheathing in the postoffice at Boston, Mass., twenty years ago, was discovered yesterday. It reached here to-day.

The card was sent by Mrs. Deweerdt's husband. On the card he wrote that he was in the best of health and would write again in a few days.

Shed a drop of their blood to fight anybody's battle but our own."

Some of our factories a for European nations; on making shells for Russia student has been dismissed from one supported by the city because, forsooth, he did not show respect for the majesty that doth hedge the uniform of the commanding general of the Department of the East. This, I contend, is militarism."

Calls Prenaredness Conspiracy.

Browning, King & Company

If a man's limit for a suit is \$15 or \$20 let him come here. He'll get the same style as the \$40 man. The difference is in the materials and workmanship. Light-weight top-coats, \$15, \$18, \$20 and up. The B. K. Special Hats at \$3.00.

Stetson Hats

at \$3.50 and \$4.00.

There are very unusual values in our Boys' Norfolks with extra trousers, at \$6.50, \$8.50, \$10. Complete lines of boys' hats, blouses

and furnishings, moderately priced.

New Patterns in Manhattan Shirts.



The Tribune presents here the fifth of a series of short articles on American preparedness which will appear in The Tribune daily. Their accuracy is vouched for by a ranking officer in the United States Army and a ranking officer in the United States Navy. The Tribune believes them to be the clearest and most striking account of our national defences yet written.

Are We Prepared?

PRODUCTION OF ARTILLERY AMMUNITION IN THE U. S.

A. 125,000 60,000

19,000

A.—Rounds of artillery ammunition now used every day by France, given on the authority of a Major General of the United States Army.

B.—The number of rounds of artillery ammunition used every day by the British forces in France. The figures are given by the same authority as the above.

C.—The number of rounds of artillery ammunition which all the United States Government factories and all the private ammunition plants are able to produce daily after sixteen months of intense effort on the part of our greatest financiers, both financiers and manufacturers endeavoring to turn out the largest possible number of shells.

England and France alone are now using every twenty-four hours not only as many shells as all the United States Government and private manufacturers in the United States can turn out, but 873% more.

portion of our coast or any other harbor, yet we have on hand such an insufficient amount of ammunition that after two hours' fire there would not be one single shell for the Panama guns within a thousand miles of the Canal. In fact, for the 16-inch gun no shells are yet made. Congress has extravagantly ordered 35 rounds for this gun and this is under manufacture, but not yet ready to ship. For the 12-inch guns at Panama, only 2,500 rounds have been shipped.

It must be borne in mind that an hour and forty-six minutes would suffice to ex-haust the last round of ammunition if the guns were fired at their maximum rate. (Huidkeoper, "Military Unpreparedness of the United States.")

It is assumed by the American people that if war broke out we could manufacture ammunition quickly. We are misled as to our ability to quickly produce sufficient ammunition by what seems to us the enormous war orders which we are filling for Europe. That war has been going on for twenty months. Every manufacturer in the United States can sell 200 and 300 and 400 per cent more shells a day than it is possible for us to manufacture. The big industrial arms and steel factories of the United States have turned their forces to filling these orders because they can obtain almost any price asked, yet with all the push of big business, knowing that enormous profits await them, after sixteen months' effort, all the industrial resources, governmental and private, are turning out only 19,000 a day. One of the highest officials of the United States army states that France alone is using 125,000 shells a day and England 60,000.

But let no layman think that the factories of the United States could turn out nineteen thousand shells a day for American guns! Some of our factories are turning out guns

for European nations; other factories are making shells for Russia. These guns are made to inch measure. The shells are made to the millimetre measure. Even ing out of seven.

DANAMA is better fortified than any other though the shells and the bore of the guns are almost the same size, the shell made to the millimetre measure cannot be used in the gun made to the inch measure. The shell must exactly fit the gun-not "almost"

> A change of machinery would be necessary to make shells to fit American guns and takes months to make the machines that make the shells. It takes months to make the machines that in turn make the ammunition-making machines.

It is also urged that we could, if war were declared, run our factories night and day, and turn out enormous amounts of ammunition, thus equipping ourselves in a short time. Such an assumption or such an argument is due to ignorance. At present almost all of the ferro-manganese which our steel factories depend upon as the alloy comes from India and Brazil. We can make ferro-manganese in the United States; but our munition manufacturers should be forced to make it out of ore, the manganese content would be much lower. The product would also cost more, and there would be trouble in the factories before our chemists became adjusted to the American product.

If we were at war any foreign navy could easily cut off our supply. Two or three Emdens near the coast of Brazil or near the ports of India could completely bar this material from importation into the United

Guncotton is one of the principal ingredients of smokeless powder. But to make gun cotton it is necessary to have nitric acid. Nitric acid is made from nitrates. By far the largest source of our supply comes from Chili. This supply could also be cut off. Our principal sulphur mines are along the coast and a foreign navy could easily take possession of them.

The time to prepare for war is before the war begins. The great English drive which Kitchener prophesied would take place last

Mr. McSparran, also, won approval when he said that preparedness did not arise out of the defence of the people, but was "a contention of the munition makers, by the munition makers, for Citizen Recruits Will Be

the munition makers."

The Rev. A. A. Berle, of Cambridge, Mass., saw in the preparedness movement the machinations of the "world-wide armor trust." He also found that the preparedness programme in this country was a gigantic conspiracy to militarize the civil service of the United States.

Citizen Recruits Will Be

Almost \$2,000,000.

Thirty thousand men are expected to over the enthus over the enthus vilian recruits.

United States.

In support of this he pointed out the training camps during the spring and In support in the Chamberlain hill pro-summer, according to a statement In support of this he pointed out the provisions in the Chamberlain bill, providing that any man who had served in the army should be railroaded into the civil service by the recommendation of three of his superior officers. This would militarize the public service, he would militarize the public service, he said, in half a generation. include the contributions toward pre-

Ford Trip Lauded.

"Henry Ford's peace ship," he continued, "will be remembered and sung to long after the bludgeen of Oyster Bay has been sunk deep down under the earth." This met with an explosion of approval.

Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, who presided, was one of those whose more than kindly tone toward the preparedness advocates failed to arouse enthusiasm. Representative Occar Calloway, of Texas, announced that he was not a pacifist, but struck the gauge of popular approval later when he said our guns and ships were good enough now. Other speakers were Rabbi Stephen Wise, Amos Pinchot, who denounced the Stephen Wise, Amos Pinchot, who denounced the Stephen Wise, Amos Pinchot, who denounced the Stephen Wise, Amos Pinchot, the Gersen William D. Wald and Alfred W. Boulton. The meeting was the first of a series to be held in different parts of the country, under the auspices of the Anti-Preparedness Committee of Washington.

Last year the camps were attended part of the Stephen was obtained for a principally by college men and the far way to peace and brotherhood." "We may be called upon in the fut."

Last year the contributions toward preparedness that will be made by the various firms agreeing to pay their employes their full salary during the various firms agreeing to pay their employes their full salary during the various firms agreeing to pay their employes their full salary during the various firms agreeing to pay their employes their full salary during the various firms agreeing to pay their employes their full salary during the various firms agreeing to pay their employes their full salary during the various firms agreeing to pay their employes their full salary during the various firms agreeing to pay their employes their full salary during the various firms agreeing to pay their employes and the the only royal road to peace was through the degradation of a martyred nation. The meeting and the the only royal road to peace was through the degradation of a martyred nation. The meeting and the the only roya

parts of the country, under the auspices of the Anti-Preparedness Committee of Washington.

Henry A Wise Wood asked for a chance to present the pro-preparedness side of the question, but was refused.

COLUMBIA WILL HELP GUARD'S FLYING SQUAD

Aero Engines To Be Explained by Professors.

A special course in aeronautic engines will begin at the Columbia Graduate Engineering School to-night for the aviation corps of the National Guard. The course will be given by Professor Charles E. Lucke, of the Graduate Engineering School, and F. O. Willhofft, of the mechanical engineering department. There will be a two-hour seasion every Friday night, and every technical detail of the aeroplane engine will be studied.

Although less than two months remain of the present term that many salmest lank of New York, and the present term that many salmest lank of New York, and every technical detail of the aeroplane engine will be studied.

Although less than two months remain of the present term their many of the present term there was a constant of the present term their money nor their positions by so doing. The firms which have agreed to give their employes leave of absence for a month and pay them full salaries are:

The National City Bank of New York, in Firth Aerone Bank of New York, american Extrage National Bank of New York, and the Market Salment Bank of New York and the Bank of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American Extrage Rathand I stalk the Chemical Salme of New York American

plane engine will be studied.

Although less than two months remain of the present term, the work land Korth Her Fifth Areas fall where it is left off in June and the class will go on through the next winter. It is planned to have an additional class for the Naval Militia.

IN NINE CAMPS

In the company of New York Trips Company, the Search Company, the New York Trips Company, the Search Compan

PHELPS URGES U. S. TO BE PEACE MARTYR

Willing to Make Sacrifices to End Wars, He Says.

OSBORNE STILL FIGHTING

Will Move Again to Strike Out Immorality Count at White Plains.

Thomas Mott Osborne, former warden of Sing Sing prison, under indict-

On account of fire in the building at 630 Fifth Avenue

E. M. GATTLE & CO.

are occupying temporary quarters in the

Hotel Buckingham Fifth Avenue at Fiftieth Street

J.M. Gidding & Co. -

The Smartano Unusual Younger Womens Apparel

The chic and smartness of youth, combined with the conservatism of good taste-just a touch "here and there"-a "different" lining-a new facing-an unusual button-an adeptly placed pocket in the jacket or skirt of the suit-these are little things that go toward making our youthful suits so DISTINCTIVE

FOR MISS OR MATRON -GIDDING STYLES ARE THE SUPREME FY. PRESSION OF FASHION - AND SELECTIONS ARE MOST EXTENSIVE

Senator Mills Predicts Mitchel's

Albany, April 6.—The re-election of Mayor Mitchel and the Fusion Admissration was predicted by Senator Octon L. Mills, a Republican, in the Sanate to-night. Senator Mills made his prediction in the course of a debate or the "Payanasyon.co" bill, which de-

Re-election.

RAILWAY STRIKERS ROUTED BY POLICE

White Rock

Continued from page 1

incomparably

with all liquors

Blends

ADVERTISEMENT.

Avenue yards, and there tried to per-suade workers to join them. 2,000 Men in Battle.

A crowd of more than 2,000 men had gathered by this time in the Mott Haven yards. Detectives and uniformed patrolmen had been stationed in the yards most of the day to keep the loitering strikers on the move and to forestall any friction between the strikers and strikebreakers. Eighty of the latter had been put to work in the forenoon as car cleaners and section hands.

forenoon as car form. Westchester Avenue a large band of strikers went to the power house. Here persuasion was again tried, the move being obviously a stragetic one on the part of the strikers, as the 129th Street power house is an important one. Fifteen detectives, under Lieutenants Langtry and McKoehn, came up at this juncture and the battle was on.

Eichel of 304 East 154th Street, moon, when the delegation returned anything at the place yesterday afternoon, when the delegation returned armed with knives and clubs.

All inc.

Senator bill was in the interest of the city, which drew from Senator on the country, which drew from Senator nue, Williamsburg, were congratulating themselves on the failure of a committee of strikers to accomplish committee of strikers to accomplish anything at the place yesterday afternoon, when the delegation returned armed with knives and clubs.

The Democrats contended that if senator Mills was so certain of the re-election of Mayor Mitchel the enarment of the measure was unnecessary armed with knives and clubs.

Nine Yards Tied Up.

Not only the Mott Haven and Grand Central yards are now affected by the strike, but also those of Harmon, Croton, Peekskill and Poughkeepsie, on the main line; Brewsters and North White Plains, on the Harlem Division, and Oak Point, on the New Haven.

In an effort, apparently, to obviate serious difficulty, the New Haven Railroad amnounced yesterday that the wages of the 4,500 shop craftsmen employed by the company would be increased by one and one-half cents an hour. A demand for an increase of four cents an hour presented by the craftsmen union has been before the road officials for geveral weeks. At a conference in Boston on March 27, a compromise on the proposed wage demands was turned down. Yesterday's proposal is, it is said, being considered by the union.

Only fourteen women cleaners out of them, pulling their hair and making their hair and making the protection of fand and the women in Trovno's delegation chased them, pulling their hair and making their name of fand and the women in Trovno's delegation chased by the union.

Whether they were in the minority of the minority of the minority of the majority.

SWANN STARTS CRUSADE ON CHICKEN "SANDERS"

Says Practice Robs New Yorkers of ST,000,000 a Year.

District Attorney Swann announced has the would probably not recover.

Meanwhile hysterial women workers were clambering down fire escapes and stairways in an effort to escape. Other women in Trovno's delegation chased by the union.

Only fourteen women cleaners out of them, pulling their hair and making the practice of sanding them to the majority.

only fourteen women cleaners out of seventy-five reported last night to clean the cars in the Mott Haven yards. Police patrolled the yards and special guards were stationed at all the entrances. The rumor was prevalent last night that the striking men cleaners of the Pullman cars would return this morning. These men are non-union.

The practice is a fraud, and the dealers who are mixed up in it will probably run to cover," said the District Attorney.

By the time police from the Hamburg Avenue station arrived the building was shedding men and women from every opening. Strikers who found every opening. Strikers who found the probably run to cover," said the District Attorney.

Announcement of the crusade fellowed a conference in Judge Swam's every opening. Strikers who found the probably run to cover, said the District Attorney.

Railway Men Calm.

renience had been experienced in han-

"PAY AS YOU GO" BILL LIVENS SENATE DEBATE

yesterday, however, that what the strikers wanted was recognition, as their amalgamation was not included in the Big Four Brotherhood.

An official statement of the strike committee last night placed the strikers at 3,000; said that 12,000 were expected to be out by to-day, and that machinists, boilermakers, carmakers, freight ists, boilermakers, carmakers, freight handlers, electrical men, car cleaners and other trades were included.

Information from White Plains states that 150 cleaners and the Plains states. that 150 cleaners and handlers have struck, and that twenty citizen deputies have been sworn in to aid the twenty-five railroad detectives in protecting

prediction in the course of a debate an have been sworn in to aid the twentyhave been sworn in to aid the twentyhe "Pay-as-you-go" bill, which dree
considerable opposition from the minority. A number of Republicans also
general orders, but voted to advance to
when Senator Wagner declared that the
bill was in the interest of the banker
of the city, which drew from Senator
Brown the retort that if the banker
of the city, which drew from Senator
Brown the retort that if the banker
of the city, which drew from Senator
Brown the retort that if the banker
of the city in 1914 it would have
become bankrupt.

Carmelo Trovno, leader of the advocates of force, immediately made it evident that he was going to force recognition of the union. His first move was to swoop down on Kaplan and order him to get out with his employes. Not only the Mott Haven and Grand was to swoop down on Kaplan and or-

women in Trovno's delegation chased make arrests. Only fourteen women cleaners out of them, pulling their hair and making

non-union workers clambered through of Weights and Messures; H. A. Emer Little uneasiness was shown by New York Central officials. At the offices of Charles F. Daly, vice-president of the road, it was admitted that some incon-the ground.

To the following the following the following the following the ground.

To the following the followin

Trovno was the only representative Foods and Markets, and Dr. Lucius P.

themselves caught between police and Commissioner Hartigan of the Bureau

"The practice is a fraud, and the

tories are guns are shells are French had shells only for one day's fightire. Even ing out of seven.

Kitchener prophesied would take place last eguns are shells are French had shells only for one day's fightire. Even ing out of seven.

Trains had been experienced in handling the parcel post shipments. Surprise was expressed that the strikes should have followed so close upon a general 5 per cent raise, which, officials son he was there was because he had been beaten so badly that he could not difficulty, it was said. Most of the positions variated by the strikers had been readily filled, it was asserted as the strikers were unskilled laborers, be had said earlier in his address. "I must company of New York Commissioner District Company, of New York That Company, the New York Tha

ONE QUALITY ONLY - THE BEST

MICHELIN UNIVERSAL TREAD



The Extra Added Tread Means More Mileage

The motorist who believes in using quality goods but who has never tried Michelin Tires is urgently requested to give this new tire a fair test on his car in competition with other makes. The company is very willing to have you decide your future tire equipment by the result of such a test.

NOTE THESE MODERATE PRICES.

Street Street	CHITCHOAL THEAD CARLINGS		Michelin Red
	Q.D StraightSide	Q. D. Clincher	Inner Tubes
32x314	\$18.30		\$3.55
32x4	24.90	\$24.90	4.65
33	25.65	25.65	4.25
34	25.95	25.95	5.00
36	27.95	27.95	5.30
34x436	33.00	33.00	6.55
35	34.75	34.75	5.90
36	35.70	35.70	6.90
37		36.60	6.30
35x5	40.50	40.50	6.55
37	41.90	41.90	8.35

NOW IS THE TIME TO EQUIP YOUR CAR. For Sale by All Dealers.



(MICHELIN- FOUNDED - 1832)

MICHELIN TIRE COMPANY, B'WAY AT 57th ST. PHONE CIRCLE 441